

Fight For Life When Plant Burns

WITHIN 24 HOURS

BULLETIN.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 9.—The United Mine Workers of America, in session here this afternoon, voted to accept Pres-

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 9.—Settlement within 24 hours of the strike of 400,000 bituminous coal miners of the country which had its inception more than five weeks ago, was confidently expected here today.

predicted today. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the executive board and scale committee of the United Mine Workers of America were scheduled to go into session to consider a proposal made by President Wilson to John L. Lewis, acting president, and William Green, secretary-treasurer of the organization, Saturday night. The proposal was approved by the miners' officials, who received it while in conference with Attorney General Palmer in Washington.

While in conference with Attorney General Palmer in Washington and agreed to urge the executive board to accept it as a basis for settlement of the strike. The mine workers' officials returned to Indianapolis yesterday.

On the same train with the mine leaders, Attorney General Palmer and his aides, and the attorney general, came to Indianapolis to confer with government attorneys, already in the city, to discuss the action of the government in connection with criminal contempt proceedings pending against the union officials who set out to block the morning and night shift. Government attorneys would not make a statement regarding the hearing scheduled for the afternoon. They said that the miners would be required to appear and be cross-examined. They believed the proceedings would be postponed pending the outcome of the motion picture hearing.

The grand jury investigation yesterday was postponed until today and in an announcement District Attorney Shack indicated his investigation might not be started today.

The hearing of contempt charges against the U. M. W. was postponed until noon.

The terms of the proposal submitted by the Lewis and Mr. Green Saturday night still were a carefully guarded secret this morning. Government representatives refused to discuss the situation in any of its phases and Mr. Lewis met all questions with the remark that he would have to tell the "story" to the executive board this afternoon and did not want to tell it but once.

PUT OFF HEARINGS

OF MINER OFFICERS

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 2.—Hearing on the charges of extortion of miners, filed against a strike leader and six black officials of the United Mine Workers of America, was postponed until next Tuesday morning by a federal judge.

Anderson, on motion of C. H. Anderson, the government, which the case was called here today.

Black and Dan W. Simms, special assistant, with violating the temporary injunction granted by Judge Anderson restraining them from encouraging or furthering the strike of 400,000 bituminous coal miners of the country.

The postponement was taken necessitating the outcome of the meeting of miners' leaders here this afternoon, and on the plan of President Wilson.

The United States District Court in St. Louis announced that it had granted the petition for an injunction filed by the federal grand jury returned by Judge Anderson to investigate the alleged violation of the federal antitrust laws by operators, miners and coal dealers and the court fixed Wednesday as the date for the hearing.

The postponement of the contempt hearing also included the cases of the operators, miners and coal dealers who were named in a separate information.

In reaching the decision, the plan was made known to the public by Attorney General Palmer, Washington last Saturday. No indication was given as to whether the plan had been made known this morning.

In the conclusion of the court case this morning, G. L. Grant, of Fayetteville, Ark., one of counsel for the operators, miners and coal dealers, appeared in the miners' injunction case.

The miners' officials, including Acting President John J. Leslie and Secretary-Treasurer William Green, of the international organization, were charged in information filed by District Attorney

The United States court of appeals in Chicago yesterday. He said that he had asked for early consideration but could not say when an opinion in case might be expected.

APPEAL TO WORKERS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Secretary Wilson today sent a telegram to John L. Lewis, acting president of the United Mine Workers of America, urging the miners to accept President Wilson's proposal for settlement of the coal strike. The miners' representatives are to act on the proposal this afternoon at 2 p. m.

Securing fair play for everybody, a particularly the under dog in a fight. Every blow he has had to bear, and he has had to bear many of them. It has been brought about by his intense earnestness in that direction. You can't carry thoroughly upon every promise he makes.

"But, aside from that, as a result of this movement, the workers have

Wilson said, "has pointed a way out with honor to the government and the people."

The telegram, which was addressed also to the members of the miners' scale committee, follows:

"I can not too strongly urge you to accept the basis of settlement proposed by the president. I have been associated with him for six years, and I know that every fiber of his strong nature has been devoted toward the miners. He is a man who is facing the most difficult situation that ever confronted the coal industry. It threatens the very sustenance of our whole life. In this emergency the president has pointed a way out with honor to the government and the people. His courage and experience are of any value to you. Let me use them in advising you further. I am, of course, not acting as a whole to accept the way out it is proposed by the president."

**BURGLAR STEALS
40,800 DRINKS**

Prohibition at last has developed the thief with the greatest thirst. He broke into the plant of the Webster-Warnock Chemical Company, 1000 Madison avenue, Monday night, and on one of the company's trucks carted away 200 gallons of alcohol and 50 gallons of Sherry wine.

of pure grain alcohol and beverage purposes only. The medicinal (pharmaceutical purposes only) of course.) Its value at bootlegging prices in Memphis, Tenn., is \$1.00 per quart. The price of a whiskey (\$15 a quart) is \$12.00, while the Sherry, which easily would "leg" at \$2.00 a quart, is worth \$1.50. However, the gentleman's plan is to sell it at cost price, a total of \$1.00.

An industrious bootlegger could do this with the 200 gallons of grain alcohol for it is about the proof, and diluted one-half with water and a little sugar, it would make a fine drink.

Alabamah—Rain and much colder, very cold wave.

Ark.—A kick turning to a cold, much colder, severe cold wave.

Louisiana—Cloudy, rain in southern much colder with severe cold wave following.

Oklahoma—Fair, colder in southern; temperature 8 below to zero in north and 8 above in south.

East Texas—Fair, severe cold wave turning to a hard freeze; temperature zero to 15 degrees in north,

The hood, bad burglar, entered the chemical company through the garage, took out a barrel of alcohol and rolled on the three barrels of alcohol and one of Sherry descended, loaded with a Republic and a flashlight, charged away into the darkness. Detectives Long and Carpenter are looking for him.

SEARCHING FOR THE